

40 Developmental Assets® for Middle Childhood (ages 8-12)

Search Institute® has identified the following building blocks of healthy development—known as Developmental Assets®—that help young people grow up healthy, caring, and responsible.

Support

- **1. Family support**—Family life provides high levels of love and support.
- 2. Positive family communication—Parent(s) and child communicate positively. Child feels comfortable seeking advice and counsel from parent(s).
- **3. Other adult relationships**—Child receives support from adults other than her or his parent(s).
- **4. Caring neighborhood**—Child experiences caring neighbors.
- **5. Caring school climate**—Relationships with teachers and peers provide a caring, encouraging environment.
- **6. Parent involvement in schooling**—Parent(s) are actively involved in helping the child succeed in school.

- **Empowerment 7. Community values youth**—Child feels valued and appreciated by adults in the community.
 - 8. Children as resources—Child is included in decisions at home and in the community.
 - **9. Service to others**—Child has opportunities to help others in the community.
 - **10. Safety**—Child feels safe at home, at school, and in his or her neighborhood.

Expectations

- **Boundaries &** 11. Family boundaries—Family has clear and consistent rules and consequences and monitors the child's whereabouts.
 - **12. School Boundaries**—School provides clear rules and consequences.
 - **13. Neighborhood boundaries**—Neighbors take responsibility for monitoring the child's behavior.
 - 14. Adult role models—Parent(s) and other adults in the child's family, as well as nonfamily adults, model positive, responsible behavior.
 - **15. Positive peer influence**—Child's closest friends model positive, responsible behavior.
 - **16. High expectations**—Parent(s) and teachers expect the child to do her or his best at school and in other activities.

Constructive Use of Time

- 17. Creative activities—Child participates in music, art, drama, or creative writing two or more times per week.
- 18. Child programs—Child participates two or more times per week in cocurricular school activities or structured community programs for children..
- **19. Religious community**—Child attends religious programs or services one or more times per week.
- 20. Time at home—Child spends some time most days both in high-quality interaction with parents and doing things at home other than watching TV or playing video games.

to Learning

- **Commitment** 21. Achievement Motivation—Child is motivated and strives to do well in school.
 - 22. Learning Engagement—Child is responsive, attentive, and actively engaged in learning at school and enjoys participating in learning activities outside of school.
 - 23. Homework—Child usually hands in homework on time.
 - **24. Bonding to school**—Child cares about teachers and other adults at school.
 - **25. Reading for Pleasure**—Child enjoys and engages in reading for fun most days of the week.

Positive **Values**

- **26. Caring**—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to help other people.
- **27. Equality and social justice**—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to speak up for equal rights for all people.
- **28.** Integrity—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to stand up for one's beliefs.
- **29. Honesty**—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to tell the truth.
- **30. Responsibility**—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to accept personal responsibility for behavior.
- 31. Healthy Lifestyle—Parent(s) tell the child it is important to have good health habits and an understanding of healthy sexuality.

nternal Assets Social

- **32. Planning and decision making**—Child thinks about decisions and is usually happy with results of her or his decisions.
- Competencies 33. Interpersonal Competence—Child cares about and is affected by other people's feelings, enjoys making friends, and, when frustrated or angry, tries to calm her- or himself.
 - **34. Cultural Competence**—Child knows and is comfortable with people of different racial, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds and with her or his own cultural identity.
 - 35. Resistance skills—Child can stay away from people who are likely to get her or him in trouble and is able to say no to doing wrong or dangerous things.
 - **36. Peaceful conflict resolution**—Child seeks to resolve conflict nonviolently.

Positive Identity

- **37. Personal power**—Child feels he or she has some influence over things that happen in her or his life.
- **38. Self-esteem**—Child likes and is proud to be the person that he or she is.
- 39. Sense of purpose—Child sometimes thinks about what life means and whether there is a purpose for her or his life.
- **40. Positive view of personal future**—Child is optimistic about her or his personal future.

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External Assets